

## Uterine (Corpus) Cancer

	New Cases*	Deaths <sup>+</sup>
<b>Overall</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Women, Black	<b>C</b>	<b>F</b>
Women, White	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>

\* S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. rates of new cases of the same year, 2000

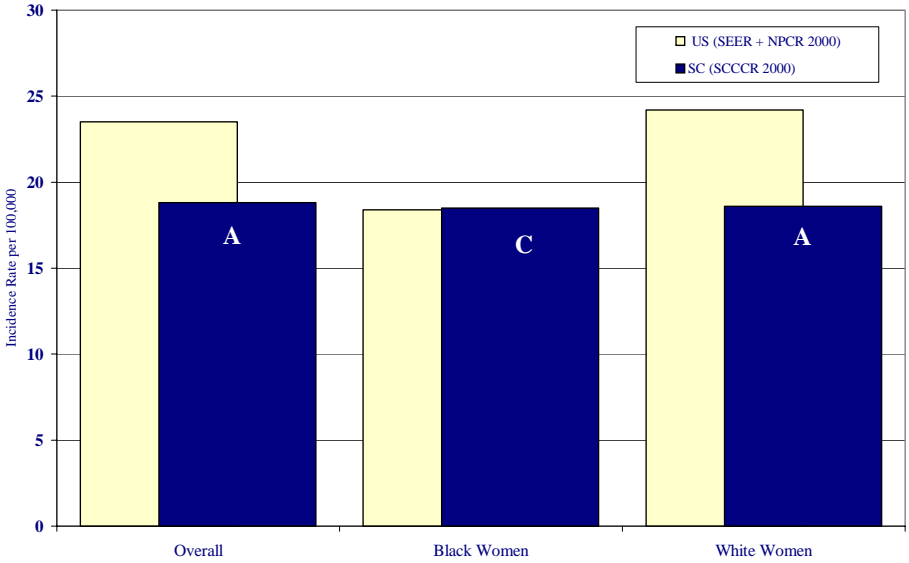
<sup>+</sup> S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. death rates of the same year, 2001

Data exclude in situ cancer cases

### Key Facts

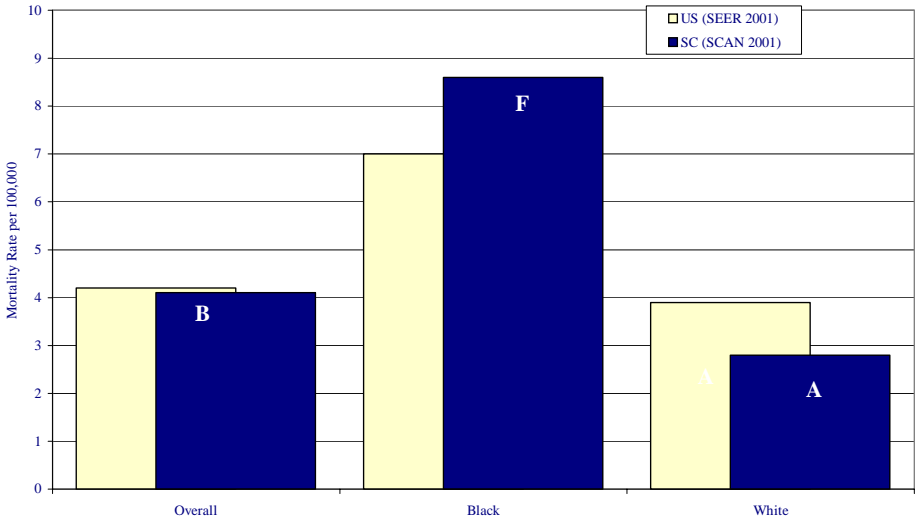
- It is the **fourth** most common cancer diagnosed among women (416 women diagnosed in 2000).
- It is the **ninth** largest cause of cancer deaths among women (90 deaths in 2002).
- Risk factors for endometrial cancer include obesity, certain types of estrogen replacement therapy, race, heredity, treatment with Tamoxifen, infertility, diabetes, early menarche and late menopause.
- Risk factors for uterine sarcoma include prior pelvic radiation therapy, race and age.
- There are no screening methods available to detect uterine cancers.

### Rate of New Cases for Uterine Cancer (Corpus)



Source: U.S. incidence data provided by NPCR + SEER 2000 incidence. S.C. incidence data provided by SCCCR. (2000).

### Death Rate for Uterine Cancer



Source: U.S. death data provided by SEER Program SEER\*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Public - Use With State, Total U.S. for Expanded Races/Hispanics (1990-2001). South Carolina death data provided by DHEC SCAN.

\* Sample size influences visual interpretation.