

Ovarian Cancer

	<u>New Cases*</u>	<u>Deaths⁺</u>
Overall	A	A
Women, Black	F	A
Women, White	A	A

* S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. rates of new cases of the same year, 2000

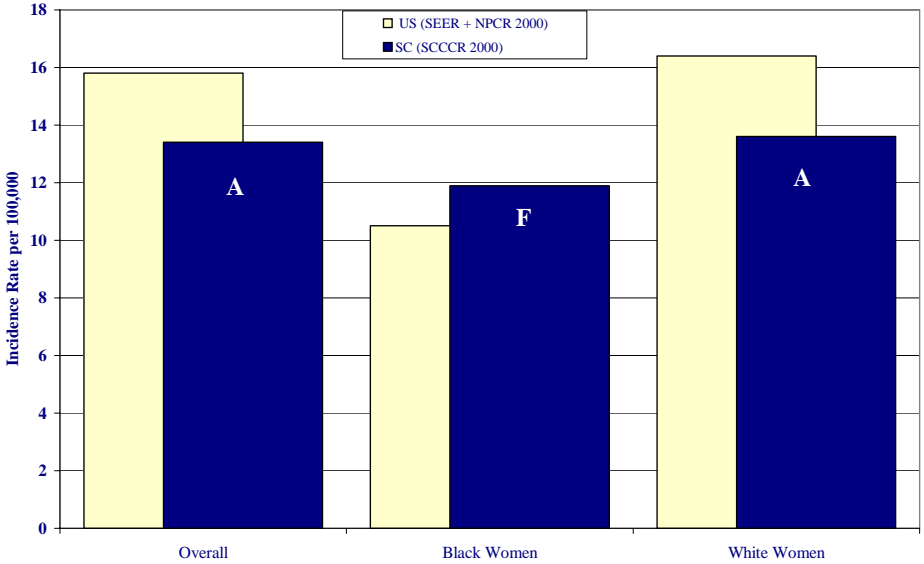
⁺ S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. death rates of the same year, 2001

Data exclude in situ cancer cases

Key Facts

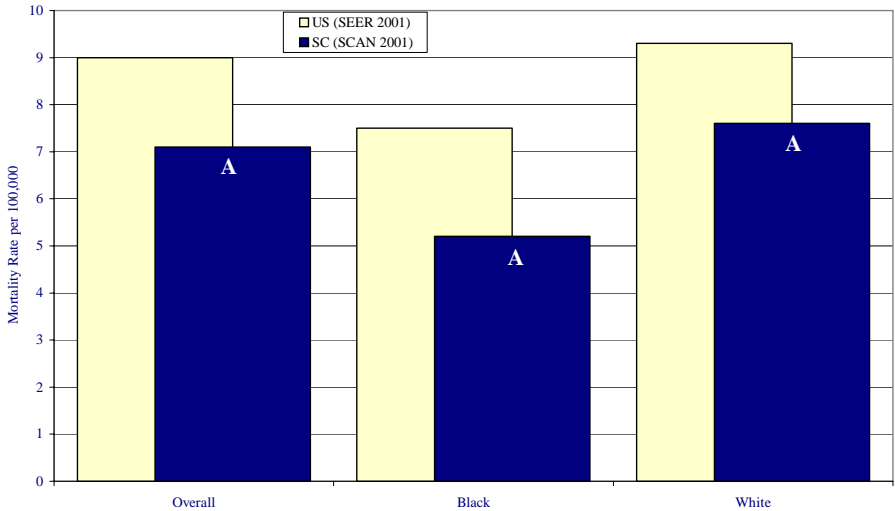
- It is the **seventh** most common cancer diagnosed in women (293 women diagnosed in 2000).
- It is the **fifth** largest cause of cancer deaths among women (189 deaths in 2002).
- The risk for ovarian cancer increases with age, peaking in the late 70s.
- The incidence rate for ovarian cancer has declined with the greatest decline occurring in women over the age of 65.
- Women under the age of 65 are twice as likely to survive five years following diagnosis than women age 65 and older.

Rate of New Cases for Ovarian Cancer



Source: U.S. incidence data provided by NPCR + SEER 2000 incidence. S.C. incidence data provided by SCCCR (2000).

Death Rate for Ovarian Cancer



Source: U.S. death data provided by SEER Program SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Public - Use With State, Total U.S. for Expanded Races/Hispanics (1990-2001). South Carolina death data provided by DHEC SCAN.

* Sample size influences visual interpretation.