

Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma

	New Cases*	Deaths ⁺
Overall	A	B
Men, Black	A	A
Men, White	D	A
Women, Black	C	F
Women, White	C	F

* S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. rates of new cases of the same year, 2000

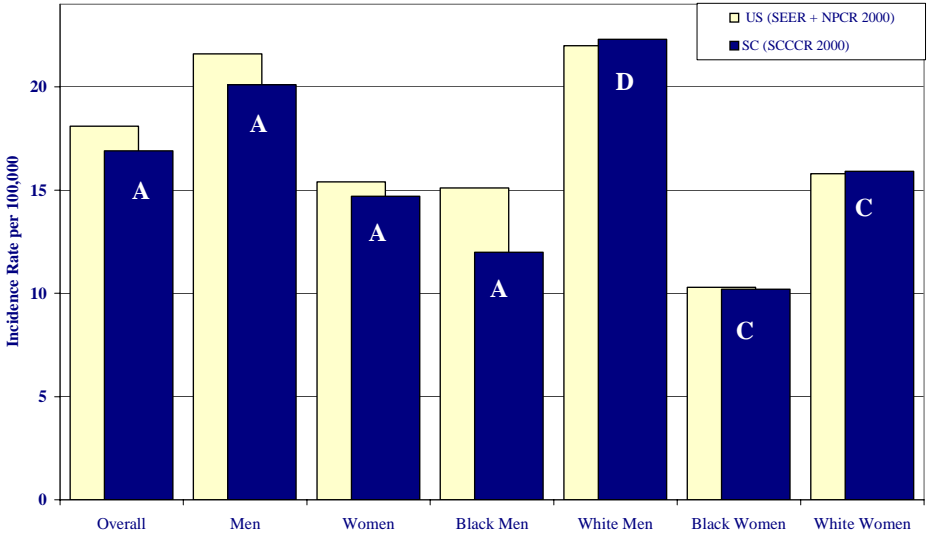
⁺ S.C. was graded in comparison to the U.S. death rates of the same year, 2001

Data exclude in situ cancer cases

Key Facts

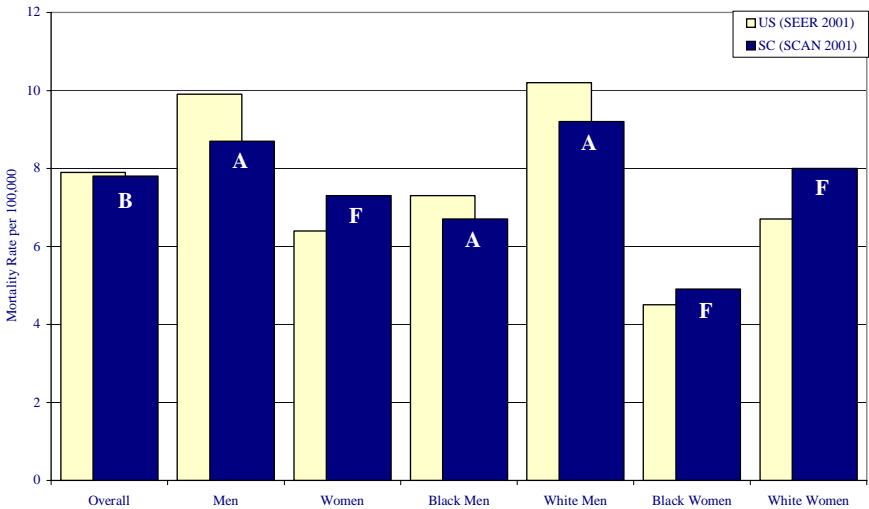
- It is the **sixth** most common cancer diagnosed for women and men (338 men and 326 women diagnosed in 2000).
- It is the **seventh** leading cause of cancer deaths (282 deaths in 2002).
- Women are more likely to die from Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma than men in the United States.
- Known risk factors include reduced immune function, exposure to certain infectious agents and age.
- Screening is not available for this type of cancer.

Rate of New Cases for Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma



Source: U.S. incidence data provided by NPCR + SEER 2000 incidence. S.C. incidence data provided by SCCCR (2000).

Death Rate for Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma



Source: U.S. death data provided by SEER Program SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Public - Use With State, Total U.S. for Expanded Races/Hispanics (1990-2001). South Carolina death data provided by DHEC SCAN.

* Sample size influences visual interpretation.